

CANNABIS WILL BE LEGAL IN ILLINOIS JAN 2020 BUT COMMUNITIES CAN LIMIT THE LOCAL IMPACT

Data and local options we ask community leaders to consider. We ask that you not rush into allowing this drug in our town.

Why Be The Guinea Pig?

"We have a great, safe community here in Naperville. We've got a great brand. It's a very family-oriented place," Naperville City Councilman Kevin Coyne said. "And a lot of the experts in this arena have raised a lot of concerns that are very troubling. That if you allow retail sale of marijuana you simply expand marijuana use, that leads to teenage delinquencies, car accidents, a host of other social problems that I don't want to see come to Naperville and certainly don't want to be the guinea pig testing whether these concerns prove out or not." Source: news.wttw.com

Illinois communities that have already taken a stand against legalization

Illinois towns that said "it's not worth it" by opting out: Morton, Wilmington

Illinois towns that are considering opting out: Lake Villa, Lake Forest, Lake Bluff, and Mokena

Towns that passed a moratorium: Grayslake, Lake Villa

Towns Holding Off/Waiting: Highland Park

Towns currently weighing options: Naperville, Lake Zurich

MOST COMMUNITIES IN STATES THAT LEGALIZED CANNABIS OPTED OUT

States with percentage of communities that opted out

- Colorado: 70% opt-out
- Michigan: 74% opt-out
- California: 78% opt-out

Reasons WHY communities opted out

- Marijuana IS ADDICTIVE and NOT harmless.
- Normalization of marijuana use impacts use rates, school and workplace performance.
- Decreases community and public safety
- Illegal market still thrives
- Economic realities
- It wasn't their community "brand"

WE MUST ASK OURSELVES

Are the predictable negative consequences of promoting cannabis in our town compatible with the "brand" of our family-friendly community? *(We think they are not)*

We get it.

There might be a chance to make **money** from tax revenue. However, there are more negatives than potential positives.

We can expect:



HEALTH AND SAFETY ISSUES CREATED BY MARIJUANA LEGALIZATION

- Increased use among residents
- Increased calls to poison control
- Increased ER visits
- Increased crime, including violent crime
- Increased marijuana-related traffic accidents, DUIs, and crashes that resulted in fatalities and injuries
- Increased illegal markets
- Increased school infractions

EXPERIENCES FROM PEOPLE WHO WERE IMPACTED BY CANNABIS IN THEIR TOWN



CANNABIS AND INCREASED USE



In 2017, past month marijuana use among youth aged 12-17 was higher than the National Average in these states:

- 7 % higher in California
- 40 % higher in Colorado
- 60 % higher in Oregon
- 39 % higher in Washington

LEGALIZATION AND YOUTH USAGE RATES



NSDUH, Smart Approaches to Marijuana

THE IMPACT OF DISPENSARY DENSITY

IIth Graders

Marijuana dispensary density has been linked to more use among youth, with 16% of 11th graders reporting marijuana use in areas with less dispensary density compared to 24.3% of the same age group reporting use in more retail-dense areas (Oregon 2017).

"For young adults in Los Angeles County, <u>living near more medical marijuana</u> <u>dispensaries (MMDs) is positively associated with more frequent use of</u> <u>marijuana</u> within the past month and greater expectations of marijuana's positive benefits. MMDs with signage show stronger associations with number of times used each day and positive expectancies" (Regina A. Shih et al., 2019)

Ages 18-22



CANNABIS AND ADDICTION

9% of marijuana users will become addicted

BUT

I-in-6 teens who use marijuana will become addicted





(ElSohly, Mahmoud A et al., 2016) (Chandra, Suman et al., 2019)

CANNABIS AND PSYCHOSIS

Youth Psychosis Increases



Source: Boston Children's Hospital and Harvard Medical School

ER Visits for Psychosis Increase

At University of Colorado Health Emergency Department in Denver, 2,567 ER visits were attributed to marijuana from 2012 to 2016. Of those, 12% of the patients were for acute psychosis, where people without a history of mental disorders lose touch with reality. That was more frequently seen with edibles. Annals of Internal Medicine, April 2019

CANNABIS AND IMPACT ON LAW ENFORCEMENT



Source: BDS Analytics, a cannabis market research firm based in Colorado

2019 predicted pot sales

California

			7	8.4%	21.6
Colo	rado				
	34.0	C			66.0
Mas	sachusett	S			
			7	76.3	23.7
Oreg	gon				
		41.4			58.6
Was	hington				
	35	.0			65.0
1 0	1 20	и 40	і 60	і 80	1 100

SAURABH DATAR/GLOBE STAFF

Source: Boston Gliobe

Impact on Law Enforcement



OTHER PROBLEMS WE MAY FACE WITH CANNABIS IN OUR TOWN

Loss of Control in the Future

Dr. Andrew A. Monte, a medical toxicologist and emergency medicine physician at UCHealth University of Colorado Hospital recommends that "States moving to liberalize cannabis policy should consider <u>keeping edibles out of the recreational</u> <u>marketplace</u>," Source: CNN.com

Once communities allow dispensaries, towns can lose control. When the Washington Liquor and Cannabis Board announces their plans to discontinue production of cannabisinfused gummies and candy to protect children, the regulators reversed their decision because of <u>fierce opposition from the marijuana industry.</u>" (Source: Marijuana Business Daily)

DO WE KNOW FOR SURE HOW MUCH \$ TOWNS CAN EXPECT? (AND, IS IT WORTH IT?)

Estimated tax "revenue" for towns is difficult to assess but we know...

1 million dollars in pot would have to pass through our town in order to collect \$30,000 in taxes at 3%.

Is \$30,000 worth selling **1 million** dollars of pot?



DO REVENUES OUTWEIGH COSTS? NOT FOR THE STATE.



We can't just consider the potential revenue. We must consider the costs.

According to the CDC, for every \$1 raised from alcohol or tobacco taxation, we spend \$10 in societal costs associated with these substances. Expect marijuana to be no different. Colorado is already seeing the impact: For every \$1 gained in tax revenue, Coloradans sper

For every \$1 gained in tax revenue, Coloradans spent approximately \$4.50 to mitigate the effects of legalization.* *The Centennial Institute at Colorado Christian University 11/2018

OPTIONS THAT LIMIT THE IMPACT ON THE LOCAL COMMUNITY OTHER THAN OPT-OUT (BEST OPTION)

- Consider a <u>moratorium</u> until we better understand the impact to our town. The social harms will be great (DUIs, youth youth adult use increases, crime, hospitalizations) so we need to be sure.
- Limit recreational marijuana dispensaries to only <u>existing medical marijuana</u> <u>dispensaries within your community</u>
- Limit recreational marijuana dispensaries to industrial zones only
- Allow a maximum of <u>one</u> recreational marijuana dispensary in your community
- Impose strict limitations such as time, place, manner, to decrease impact

We have an opportunity to limit the local damage by <u>opting out</u> We have an opportunity to send a message to our community, and especially our youth and young adults, about whether we <u>promote</u> getting high as "recreation"

We have an opportunity to put people over profits: let's continue to keep our community safe, healthy, and productive.

We have an opportunity to OPT OUT of retail sales in Gurnee

